

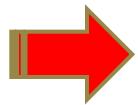
Lighting Up Semiconductor World...

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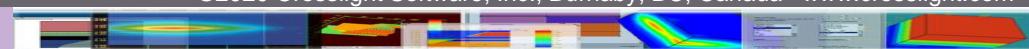
Crosslight TCAD Simulation of Micro-LED

CROSSLIGHT
Software Inc.

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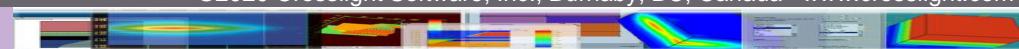


- Advanced models and capabilities
- Effect of sidewall defects
- MQW barrier design
- AC modulation

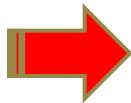


Advanced models

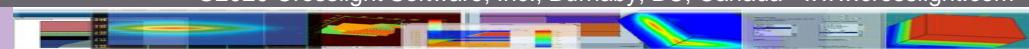
- Self-consistent MQW model based on $k \cdot p$ band structure calculations
- Quantum tunneling for EBL leakage
- Various trap models for the sidewall defects
- Self-heating thermal models
- AC/transient analysis

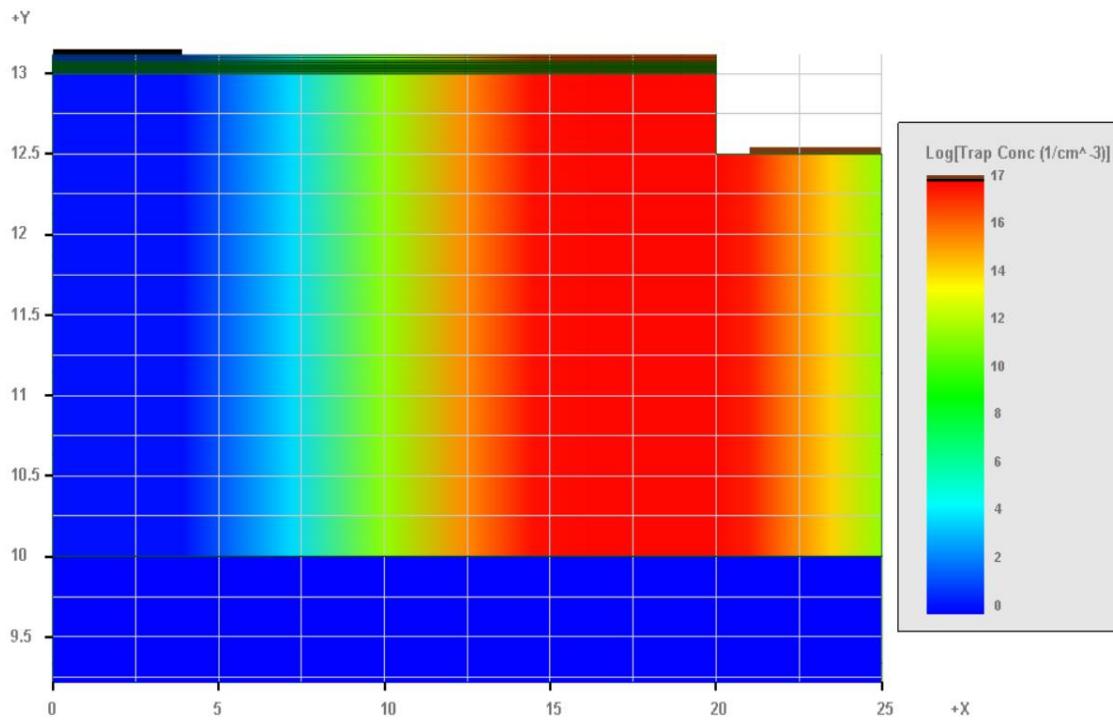


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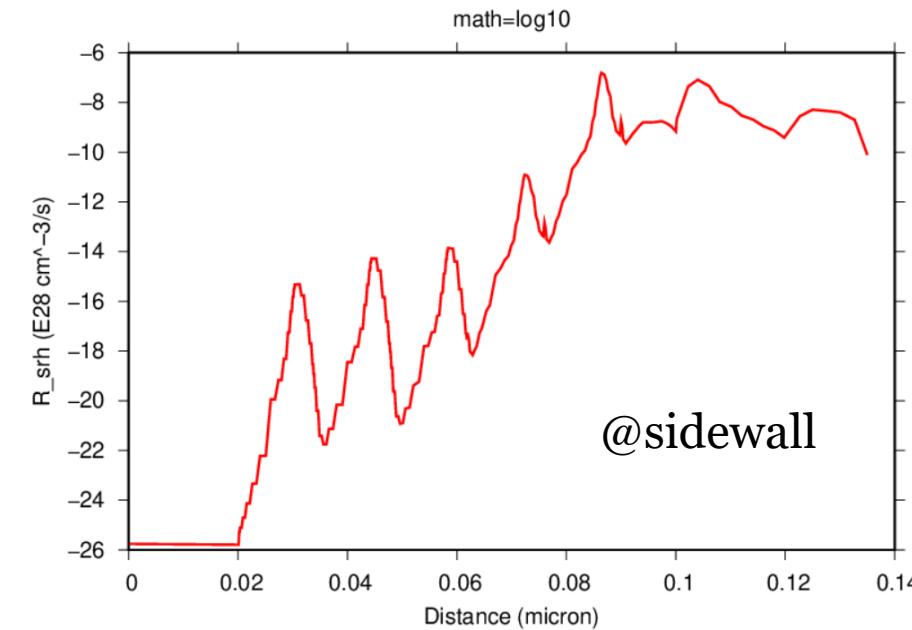
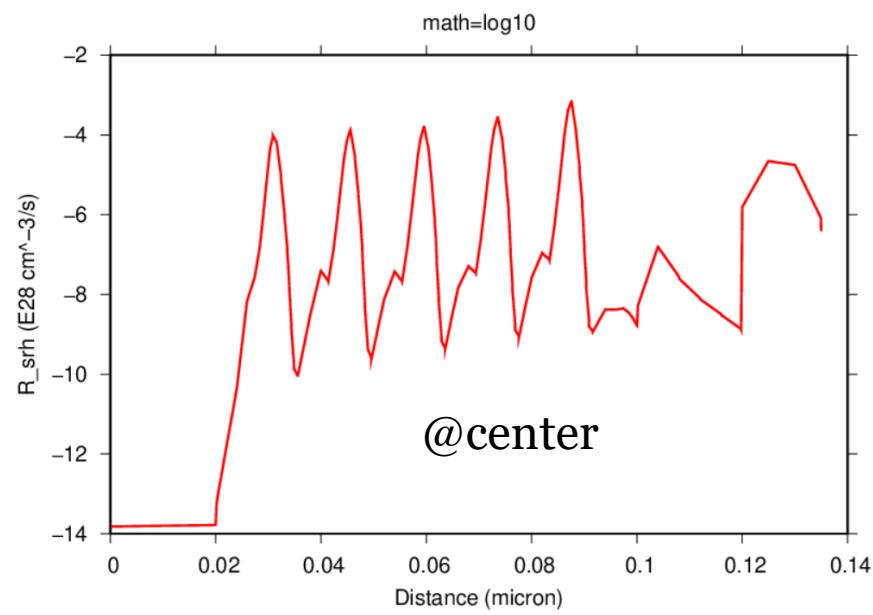
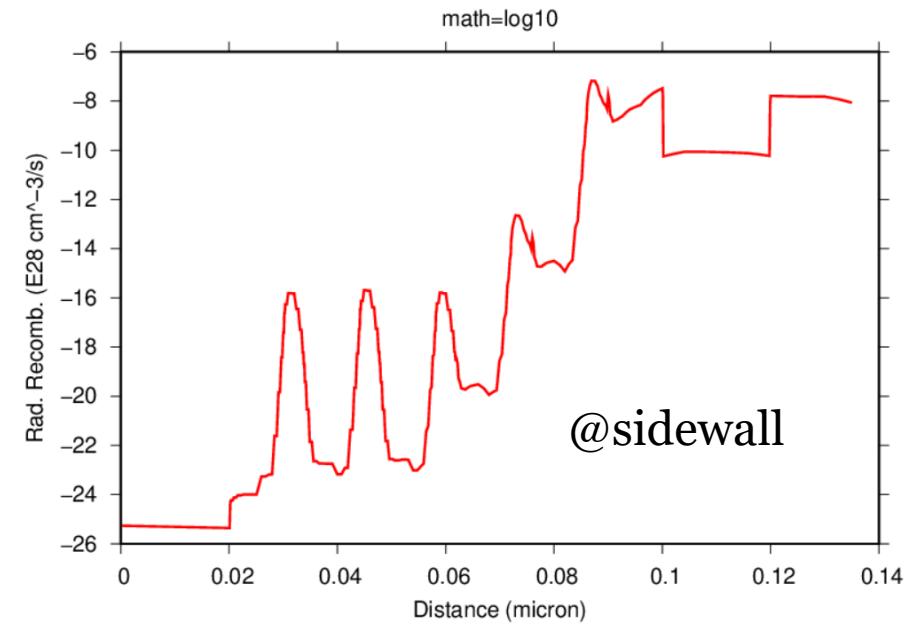
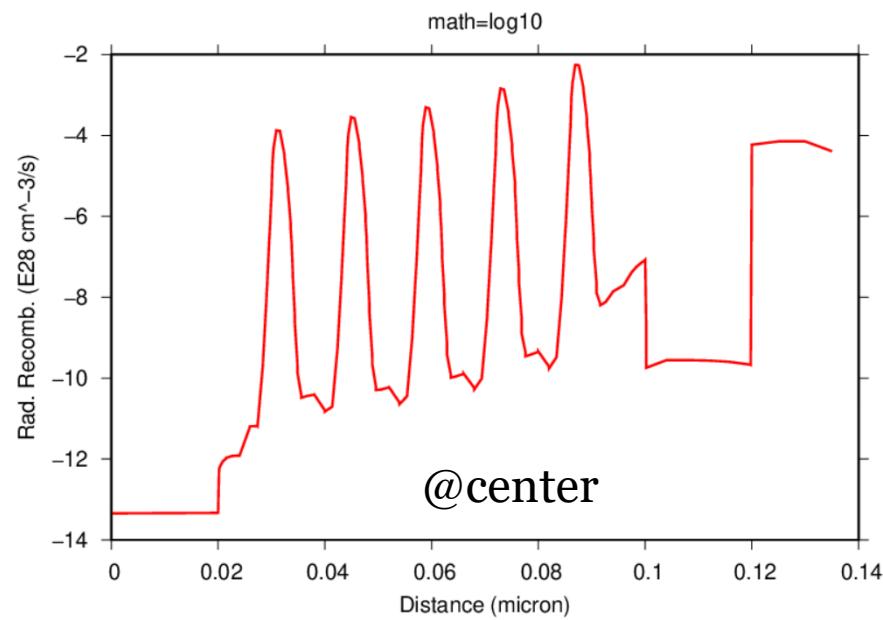
```

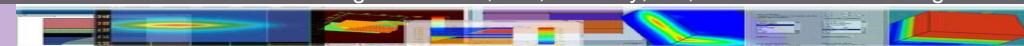
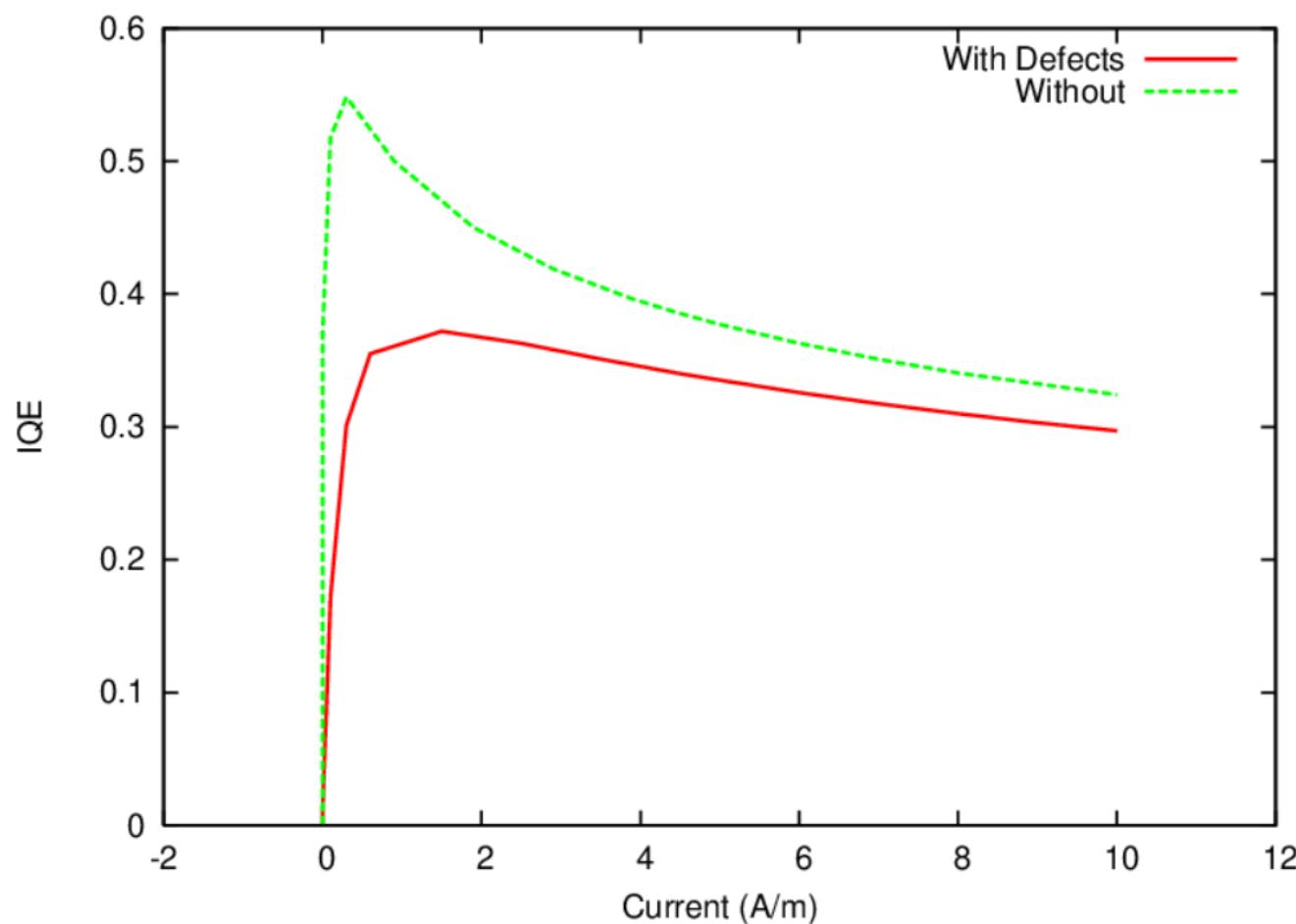
start_loop symbol=%m value_from=1 value_to=9
trap_ncap_2 value=1.e-17 mater=%m
trap_pcap_2 value=1.e-17 mater=%m
trap_level_2 value=1.3 mater=%m
trap_ncap_3 value=1.e-17 mater=%m
trap_pcap_3 value=1.e-17 mater=%m
trap_level_3 value=1.6 mater=%m
end_loop symbol=%m value_from=1 value_to=9

```

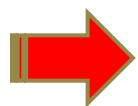
\$ ---traps for defects near the vertical wall of uLED
 \$ since trap_1 is reserved for SRH lifetime setting, it is
 \$ better we define additional traps using trap_2, trap_3,
 \$ etc....
 \$ trap level measured from conduction band
 \$ 1/lifetime=
 \$ trap_density*thermal_velocity*trap_cap_cross_section
 \$ 1/sec=(1/m**3)*(m/s)*trap_cap
 \$ roughly vtherm=1.e5 m/s, trap_cap=1nm**2,
 conc=1.e23 m**-3
 \$ 1/tau=1.e23*1.e5*1.e-18=1.e10 => tau=0.1ns
 \$
 doping impurity=trap_2 charge_type=donor &&
 max_conc=1.0e23 level=1.3 &&
 x_prof=[15.00, 20, 1., 1.] &&
 y_prof=[0, 50, 0.1 0.1]
 doping impurity=trap_3 charge_type=acceptor &&
 max_conc=1.0e23 level=1.6 &&
 x_prof=[15.00, 20, 1., 1.] &&
 y_prof=[0, 50, 0.1 0.1]





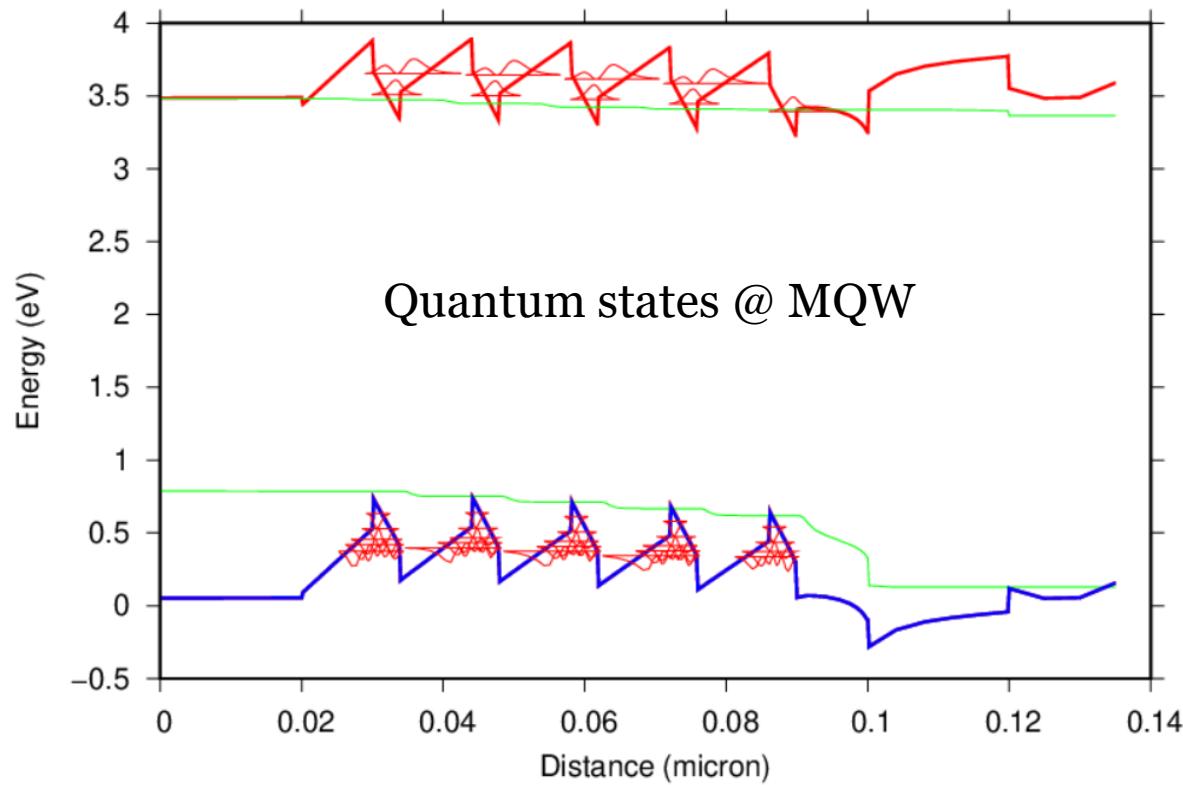


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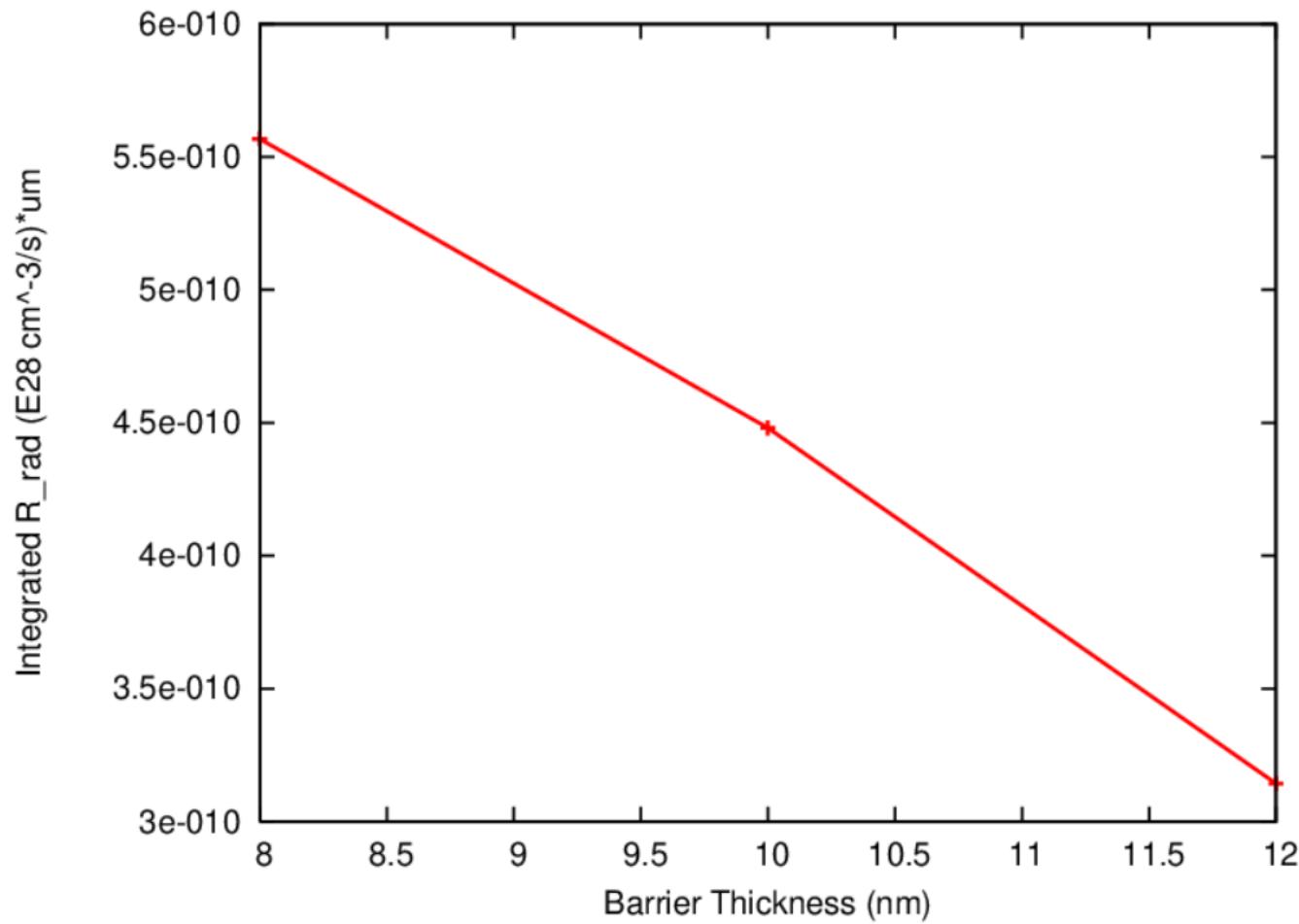




Big question: if the sidewall defects are not dense enough to quench all radiative recombination/emission there, how do we design the MQW to enhance it?

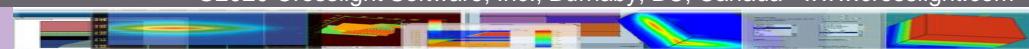
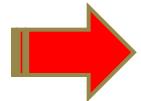


Smaller barrier seems enhance radiative emission from defect region



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New application for uLED: free space telecom

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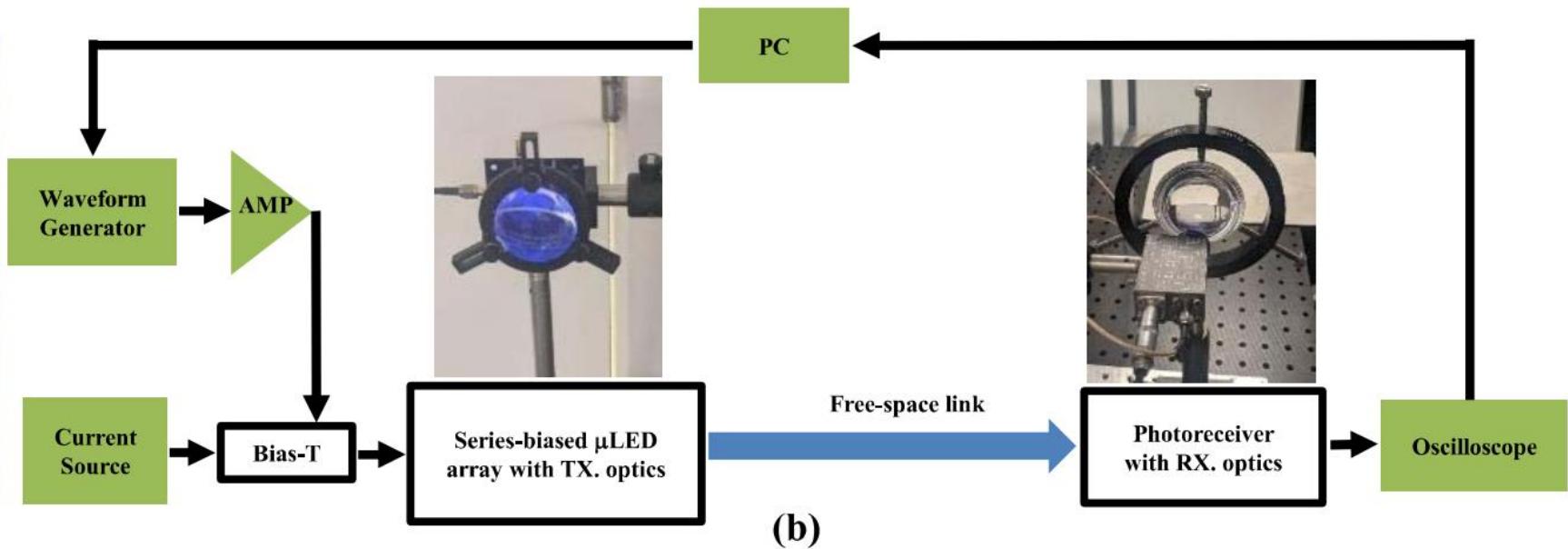
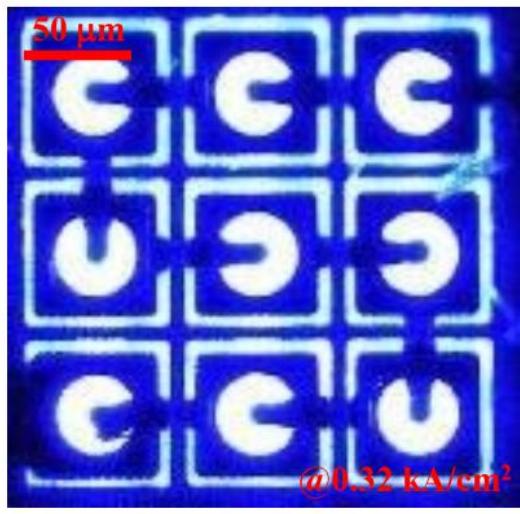


Fig. 1. (a) Plan-view optical micrograph image of the fabricated series-biased μ LED array operating at 0.32 kA/cm^2 ; (b) schematic diagram of the setup for different-distance VLC measurements, the optical images of the transmitter and receiver modules are inserted as well.

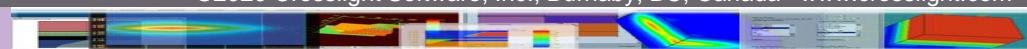
How to compute the modulation characteristics of uLED

After setting the DC bias, impose a fast Gaussian pulse to probe how the uLED respond to it.

```
scan var=current_1 value_to=50. &&
init_step=0.1 min_step=1e-3 max_step=3
```

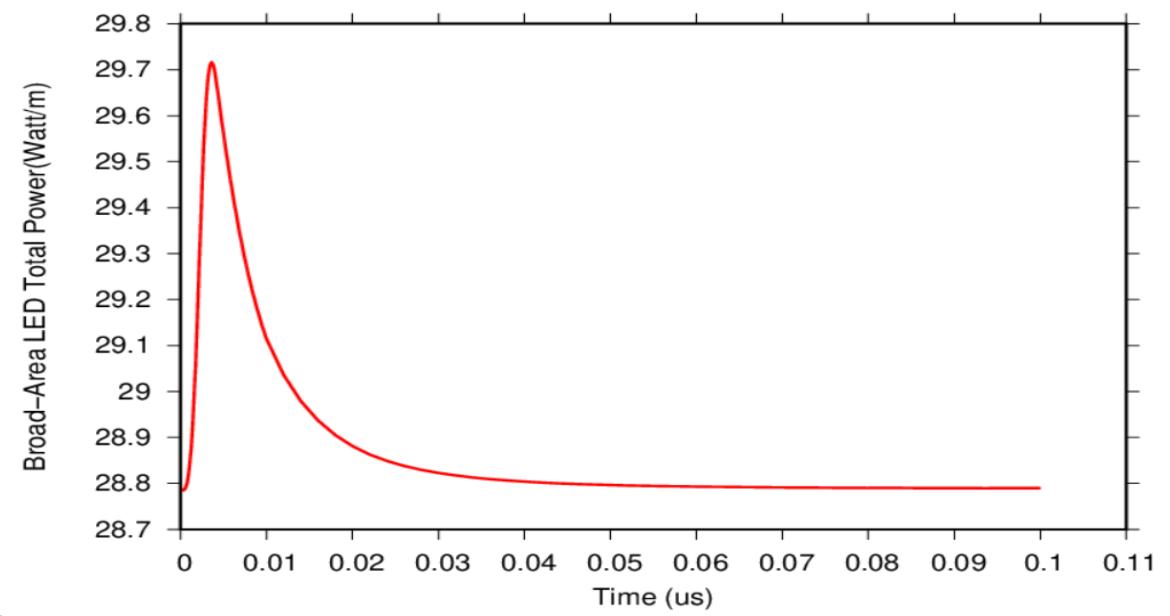
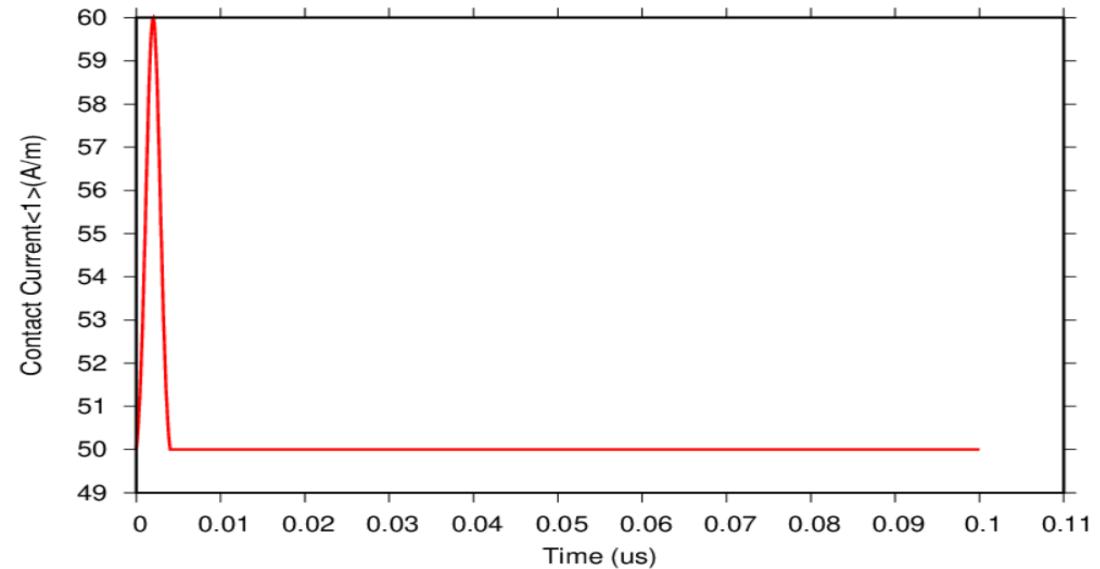
```
scan var=time value_to=10.e-9 &&
var2=current_1 function_label2=gs_func &&
init_step=0.01e-9 max_step=0.1e-9
scan_function label=gs_func type=gaussian gsn_dt=2.e-9 &&
gsn_s1=50 gsn_s2=60
```

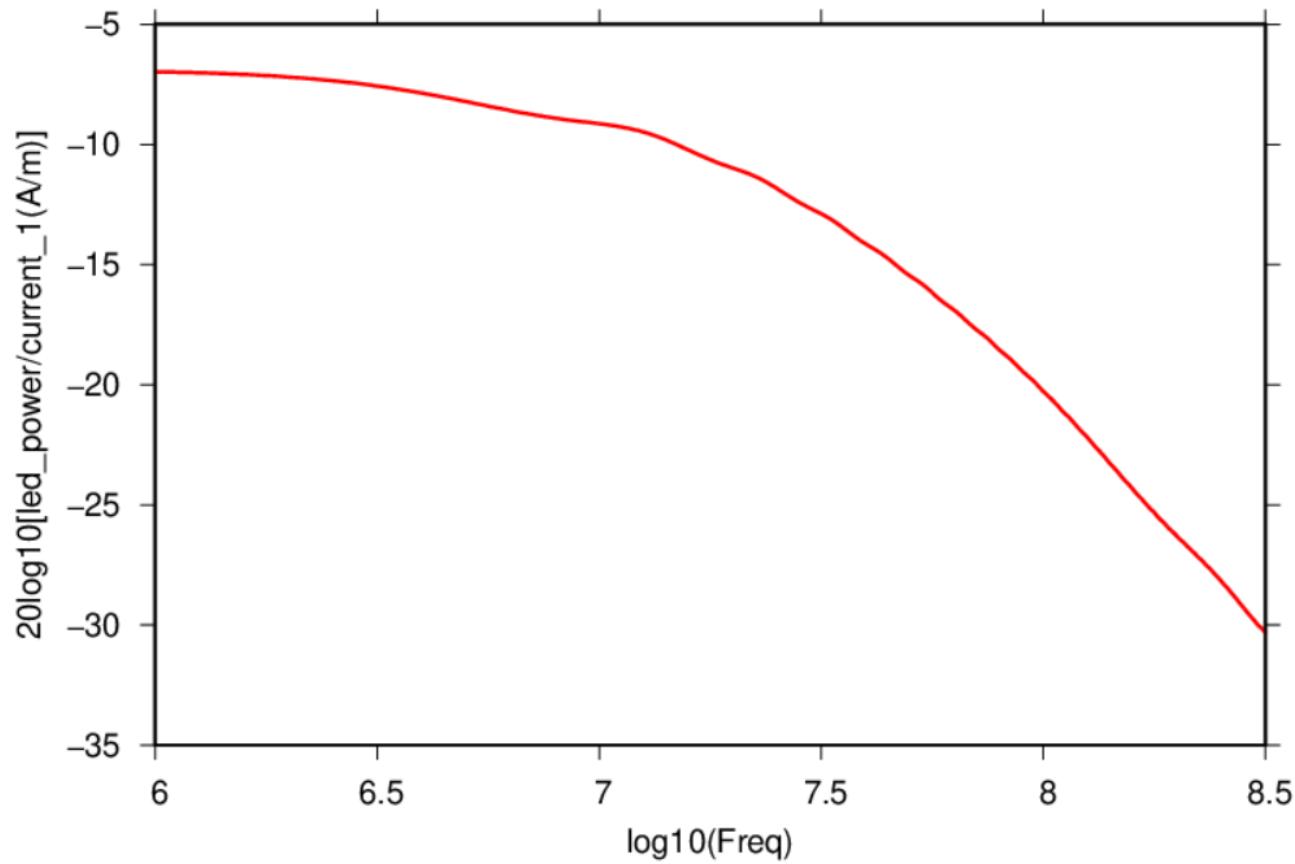
```
scan var=time value_to=100.e-9 max_step=2.e-9 &&
var2=current_1 value2_to=50.
```



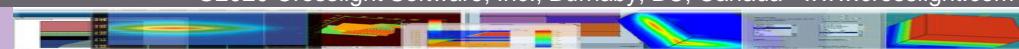
Convert impulse response using Fourier transform

```
$ modulation response is  
20log(led_power(freq)/current_1(freq))  
plot_scan scan_var=time variable=current_1  
plot_scan scan_var=time variable=led_power  
fourier_power input_var=current_1 output_var=led_power &&  
log_freq=yes freq_start=6 freq_end=8.5
```



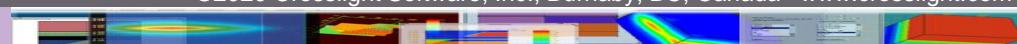


Response sensitive to injection current and uLED side, as well as defect properties



Conclusions

- ➡ Crosslight TCAD tool convenient and powerful for analysis of uLED
- ➡ The sidewall defects should be characterized using details trap parameters in both spatial and energy distribution
- ➡ Impulse response can be used to obtain modulation response for telecom applications



Thanks for your
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